- **1)** k (square)
- 2) b (regular pentagon)
- 3) e (regular decagon)
- 4) h (equilateral triangle)
- **5)** i (isosceles triangle)
- **6)** f (parallelogram)
- 7) m (scalene triangle)
- 8) i (regular hexagon)
- 9) a (ellipse)
- **10)** o (regular nonagon)
- **11)** c (kite)
- 12) I (regular heptagon)
- 13) g (irregular octagon)
- **14)** n (trapezium) [U.S. trapezoid]
- **15)** d (trapezoid) [U.S. trapezium]

- a) equilateral triangle
- b) acute-angled scalene triangle
- c) right-angled scalene triangle
- d) obtuse-angled isosceles triangle
- e) obtuse-angled scalene triangle
- f) right-angled isosceles triangle
- g) acute-angled isosceles triangle

- a) square
- **b)** rhombus
- c) trapezoid [U.S. trapezium]
- d) domino
- e) parallelogram
- f) trapezium [U.S. trapezoid]
- g) diamond
- h) kite

CARE: Please note that there may be more than one name for some of the above shapes. A rhombus is a closed shape with four straight sides which are equal in length, therefore a square is a type of rhombus (as is a diamond). A rectangle is a closed shape with four straight sides and four 90° angles, therefore a square is a type of rectangle (as is a domino). Please also note that definitions and terms may vary from country to country.